1	Q.	PLEASE STATE YOUR NAME AND BUSINESS ADDRESS.	
2	A.	Paul W. Inman, Lockhart Power Company, Post Office Box 10, Lockhart, South	
3		Carolina 29364.	
4	Q.	PLEASE STATE YOUR PRESENT POSITION.	
5	A.	I am Business Controller of Lockhart Power Company.	
6	Q.	WHAT IS YOUR EDUCATIONAL BACKGROUND AND PROFESSIONAL	
7		EXPERIENCE?	
8	A.	I hold a Bachelor of Arts degree in Business Administration from Limestone	
9		College. I also hold a Master of Business Administration degree from the	
0		University of South Carolina. I was employed by Lockhart Power Company in	
1		1972 as a Management Trainee. Later that same year I was promoted to	
2		Business Controller of Lockhart Power Company.	
3	Q.	WILL YOU BRIEFLY SUMMARIZE YOUR DUTIES AND RESPONSIBILITIES	
4		WITH LOCKHART POWER COMPANY?	
15	A.	I have complete responsibility for all accounting and financial reporting aspects of	
6		Lockhart Power Company.	
17	Q.	WOULD YOU PLEASE DESCRIBE THE PURPOSE OF YOUR TESTIMONY?	
8	A.	I will discuss certain accounting adjustments and accounting proforma	
9		adjustments made to the test year in this filing, and will discuss the deferred	
20		revenue aspect of our Power Adjustment Clause.	

Q. WOULD YOU PLEASE DESCRIBE CERTAIN ACCOUNTING ADJUSTMENTS
AND ACCOUNTING PROFORMA ADJUSTMENTS THAT WERE MADE TO
THE TEST YEAR IN THIS FILING?

Lockhart Power Company ("Lockhart Power Company" or "Company") made adjustments to beginning (12-31-12) book balances for certain revenue and expense accounts to remove the effect of non-jurisdictional contracts before beginning the process of proforma adjustments. Sales of hydro generation were made off-system and recorded in the appropriate FERC revenue accounts. Associated expenses, plant costs, CWIP and accumulated amortization amounts were also recorded in the appropriate FERC accounts. These amounts, being non-jurisdictional, were removed from the consolidated revenue, expense, plant, CWIP and accumulated amortization account values as reported in the FERC Form 1. Also, certain customer-specific Demand Side Management credits that were passed through from Duke Energy to those customers were removed from both Industrial Revenue and Purchased Power Expense. The end result of all these accounting adjustments yielded adjusted balances against which to apply proforma adjustments. Proforma adjustments were then made to certain test year revenues, expenses and rate base balances to normalize these values by either adjusting for known changes, or to adjust abnormal revenues or expenses to an appropriate normal annual level. The individual proforma adjustments are described below.

Electric Plant Adjustments

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In late 2012 and early 2013, the Company completed construction of two new small hydroelectric facilities. These were the Lockhart Minimum Flow and Upper Pacolet hydro plants, respectively. The costs of these plants were closed from CWIP to Electric Plant in Service during September, 2013 after all related charges had been paid. In order to use a current level of electric fixed assets in the development of this filing, the Company included in its rate base Electric Plant in Service and Construction Work in Progress balances as of September 30, 2013. In addition, adjustments were made to Electric Plant to account for certain known and measurable capital-related classification changes that would occur after September 30, 2013. Specifically, the Company had made expenditures of \$4,139,806 to the Columbia Hydroelectric facility as of September 30, 2013 under its rehabilitation plan for that project. These costs were included in CWIP and work was complete as of that date. Therefore, a proforma adjustment was made to the test period to re-class these costs to plant in service, which actually did occur the next month, October, 2013. (SEE EXHIBIT A3-8 PROFORMA - UTILITY PLANT WORKSHEET)

Depreciation & Amortization Expense Annualization

The Company has made a proforma adjustment to annualize its depreciation & amortization (D&A) cost, because the test year actual D&A cost does not consider the effect of certain known and measurable changes that should be taken into account. First, provisions for depreciation on capital expenditures made during the test year occurred as the assets went into service throughout

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the year. This resulted in only a partial year of depreciation cost in the test year on those additions, and should, therefore, be annualized. Secondly, plant in service and accumulated D&A as of September 30, 2013, are now included in rate base. Therefore, annual D&A cost attributable to those capital additions occurring between December 31, 2012 and September 30, 2013, as well as the D&A taken on the general asset base between these same dates, must also be included. Finally, the Columbia Hydro rehabilitation project, the cost of which was spent by September 30, 2013 but was transferred to plant in October, 2013, is being included in electric plant in service. Consequently, D&A costs have been herein normalized to reflect a whole year of D&A charges on the total cost of plant included in electric plant in service. D&A charges for the test year amounted to \$1,760,658. Considering the above adjustments to plant, D&A costs were recalculated, applying annual rates to the adjusted ending plant balances. This resulted in total D&A costs of \$2,262,827. Therefore, a proforma adjustment is herein made to increase test year D&A costs by \$502,169. A proforma adjustment of \$1,850,616 to increase test year accumulated D&A, thereby reducing rate base, is also made to incorporate all the factors listed above. (SEE EXHIBIT A3-9 PROFORMA DEPRECIATION & AMORTIZATION WORKSHEET)

Property Tax Expense Annualization

Property taxes for the test year were understated on a prospective basis due to three categories of changes in capital expenditures for which no property taxes

were included. These were as follows: (1) capital expenditures made during the test year (2) capital expenditures made between December 31, 2012 and September 30, 2013, and (3) special capital expenditures that were re-classed from CWIP to electric plant in service during October, 2013. Actual property tax expense in the test year was based on plant in service as of December 31, 2011. Therefore, property taxes attributable to the above additional three categories of capital expenditures should be added to test year expense to normalize the cost. A calculation of property-related taxes using the revised investment level yields an adjusted total annual cost of \$1,028,207. Actual property-related tax expenses included in the test year amounted to \$890,661. Test year Property Tax Expense is therefore increased by a proforma adjustment of \$137,546. (SEE EXHIBIT A3-10 PROFORMA PROPERTY-RELATED TAX ADJUSTMENT WORKSHEET)

Upper Pacolet Hydro Plant Operating Expense

As referred to above under Electric Plant Adjustments, the Company completed construction of its Upper Pacolet hydroelectric facility in early 2013. The operation of this facility will incur certain ongoing operating and maintenance costs. Lockhart Power has experience operating its existing Lower Pacolet facility, which is of slightly less capacity than this new facility. It is expected that the operating cost of the new facility will be proportional to that of the existing facility, with any difference being related to size or capacity. The operating cost of the existing facility during the test year was \$77,140. The kW capacity ratio of

the new facility vs the existing facility is 1,100/800. Therefore the annual projected cost of the new facility is \$106,068 (\$77,140 X 1,100/800). Test year expense is therefore adjusted by \$106,068 to include these additional operating costs. (SEE EXHIBIT A3-11 PROFORMA – UPPER PACOLET HYDRO PLANT OPERATING EXPENSE WORKSHEET)

Minimum Flow Hydro Plant Operating Expense

As referred to above under Electric Plant Adjustments, the Company completed construction of its Minimum Flow hydroelectric facility in late 2012. The operation of this facility will incur certain ongoing operating and maintenance costs. Lockhart Power has experience operating its existing Lower Pacolet facility, which is of the same rated capacity as this new facility. It is expected that the operating cost of the new facility will be approximately equal to that of the existing facility. The operating cost of the existing facility during the test year was \$77,140. Therefore, test year expense is adjusted by \$77,140 to include these additional operating costs for the Minimum Flow facility. (SEE EXHIBIT A3-12 PROFORMA — MINIMUM FLOW HYDRO PLANT OPERATING EXPENSE WORKSHEET)

Purchased Power Expense Adjustment

A proforma adjustment has been made to reduce Purchased Power Expense to correct the effect of three events that caused the account to be overstated by a net amount of \$135,587: (1) The Company received a one-time demand charge refund during the 2012 Test Year that was related to an overcharge by Duke that

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dated back to 2010. The effect of this refund was that historical test year Purchased Power Cost was net of the refund of \$68,484, an amount that must be removed. To remove the credit requires an adjustment to increase expense. (2) The 2012 year true-up that Duke made during 2013, was a credit in the amount of \$320,524. As background, annual true-ups are included in the terms of the present power purchase agreement that Lockhart Power Company has with Duke Energy. These true-ups arise from the application of a formula rate by Duke. Under this rate structure, charges were billed by Duke throughout the test year based on beginning-of-year estimates of demand and energy rates and demand units. A true-up adjustment is made during the next year after all actual costs and billing units are known. Such was the handling of Lockhart's billing by Duke for Purchased Power costs during test year 2012 and the ensuing 2013 year. The true-up was immediately flowed through to Lockhart's customers via its Purchased Power Adjustment Clause (Schedule O) in the next month after receiving the adjustment from Duke. Inasmuch as the net credit was for overestimated charges made during the test year, the test year 2012 Purchased Power Expense should be reduced to reflect the true-up credit received in 2013. (3) The Company began selling the output from its Lower Pacolet Hydro plant offsystem effective September 1, 2012, flowing the resulting revenues to its customers via Schedule O. The Company replaces these sales with lower cost purchases from Duke, so an adjustment is necessary to normalize or increase the test year expense by \$116,453 to also include replacement power cost from

January through August, for prospective purposes. Therefore, a proforma adjustment is made for an amount that is equal to the net effect of these three transactions, and represents a net reduction of test year Purchased Power Expense in the amount of \$135,587. (SEE EXHIBIT A3-13 PROFORMA – PURCHASED POWER EXPENSE WORKSHEET)

Wage Increase Annualization

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An average wage increase of 3.1% became effective on employee earnings occurring on or after December 2, 2012. An average wage increase of 3.5% became effective on all employee earnings occurring on or after December 1, A calculation was made to determine the effect of including the 3.1% increase for the whole test year, which amounts to a gross additional cost of \$69.888 for the 48 weeks from January 1, 2012 to December 2, 2012. A different calculation was made for the second wage increase, which became effective December 2, 2013, in order to account for its annual impact as well. The annual effect of this second wage adjustment amounted to \$92,539. adjustments taken as a total, amounted to \$162,427. This total was further broken down into expense and rate base components and amounted to \$126,490 and \$35,937, respectively. An adjustment to increase expense was made in the amount of \$126,490. An adjustment to increase rate base in the amount of \$35,937 was made for the capitalized portion of the wage adjustment. (SEE EXHIBIT A3-14 PROFORMA - WAGE INCREASE ANNUALIZATION WORKSHEET)

Employee Count Adjustment

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Certain changes to employment complement were made during the Test Year 2012 and during 2013. During 2012, complement additions for an MIS Analyst and a Plant Operator/Technician were made. During 2013 a complement addition for a Financial Controller was made. Additionally, during 2012, one T&D employee, a lineman, was on military leave of absence for part of the year and, therefore, did not receive a full year of earnings during the test year. Collectively, a total cost of \$204,124 must be recognized in the test year to account for annualizations of these events. Based on company salaries & wages experience for the test year, the breakdown of this total will amount to \$158,962 for the expense component and \$45,162 for the capital portion. Adjustments to increase expense and rate base, respectively, by these amounts are included. (SEE EMPLOYEE COUNT ADJUSTMENT EXHIBIT A3-15 PROFORMA WORKSHEET)

Fringe Benefits Annualization

The gross amounts of the two wage increase annualization adjustments as described above are \$69,888 and \$92,539 respectively, for a total of \$162,427. The gross amount of the employee count adjustment as also described above is \$204,124. The total amount of these two wage-related proforma adjustments added together is \$366,551. Variable fringe benefits costs during the test year amounted to 15.37% of direct earnings, which would result in an additional fringe benefits expense of \$56,339. This amount is therefore reflected as an

1	adjustment to expense. (SEE EXHIBIT A3-16 PROFORMA – FRINGE
2	BENEFITS ON EARNINGS - RELATED ADJUSTMENTS WORKSHEET)
3	Officer's Performance Bonus Adjustment
4	During the Test Year 2012, the cost of an Officer's Performance Bonus in the
5	amount of \$87,000 was included in actual expense. Although this is a
6	completely legitimate expense, a one-time adjustment to reduce G&A expense is
7	included herein to remove this amount from Cost of Service in order to help
8	control customer costs. (SEE EXHIBIT A3-17 PROFORMA - TRANSMISSION
9	SYSTEM STUDY EXPENSE WORKSHEET)
10	Rate Case Expense Amortization
11	Professional services and other administrative costs incurred in connection with
12	this rate application are expected to amount to \$130,000. This amount is herein
13	amortized over 4 years, or \$32,500 per year as an increase to expense. The
14	test year also included prior rate case expense amortization of \$65,759.
15	Amortization of the prior case ended August 31, 2013, and will, therefore, be
16	non-recurring. Consequently, a net proforma adjustment is made to reduce test
17	year rate case expense by \$33,259. (SEE EXHIBIT A3-18 PROFORMA – RATE
18	CASE EXPENSE WORKSHEET)
19	Lease of New Office Space
20	In 2013, Lockhart Power Company moved its Customer Service, Accounting and
21	Administrative functions into a new office building. It had occupied its prior office
22	for more than 50 years, but had already outgrown this facility several years prior

to the time of the relocation. The Company leased this new office space, and, under the terms of the lease, began to incur costs of \$104,000 per year, subject to an annual CPI-type price adjustment. A proforma adjustment is herein made to increase annual expense by the present total annual lease cost of \$104,000 to include in Cost of Service. (SEE EXHIBIT A3-19 PROFORMA – LEASE OF NEW OFFICE SPACE WORKSHEET)

Industrial Customer Power Factor Adjustment

During the 2012 Test Year, power factor adjustment charge billings totaling \$100,809 were made to one of the Company's industrial customers. The customer installed certain power factor correction equipment, eliminating the need for continuation of the power factor charge. These billings will not repeat, prospectively, and should be removed from Cost of Service for the test year. An adjustment is made to reduce test year revenue by the amount of \$100,809. (SEE EXHIBIT A3-19 PROFORMA – INDUSTRIAL CUSTOMER POWER FACTOR ADJUSTMENT WORKSHEET).

Small Hydro Off-System Sales Adjustments

Lockhart Power Company has contracted for the off-system sale of output from its three small hydroelectric plants (i.e. the Upper Pacolet, Lower Pacolet, and Minimum Flow hydros). The entire proceeds of these sales will be credited back to its requirements customers as a reduction of their revenue requirement via the Company's power adjustment clauses. This process results in a greater benefit to the customers than would have resulted had the power been used internally,

thus avoiding only the incremental cost of the reduced purchased power at the wholesale rate. It is necessary that two adjustments be made to test year 2012 revenues to properly reflect the impact of these sales and their special treatment. First, an adjustment is made to increase wholesale sales by \$1,381,401 to account for the annual off-system wholesale transaction. Secondly, an adjustment is made to decrease requirements sales by an off-setting \$1,381,401 to reflect the pass-through of the proceeds of the sales to requirements customers via the Company's power adjustment clauses. (SEE EXHIBIT A3-21 PROFORMA — SMALL HYDRO OFF-SYSTEM SALES ADJUSTMENTS WORKSHEET)

Columbia Hydro Revenue & Expense

Lockhart Power Company assumed responsibility for the Columbia Hydroelectric facility in 2011. The Company signed a 25-year operating agreement with the City of Columbia, S. C. under which Lockhart would commence a multi-year \$4MM Rehabilitation Plan to renovate the plant in order to increase plant production and improve safety. Under this agreement, Lockhart would assume control of and operate the plant. Lockhart desires to incorporate Columbia Hydro operations into Cost of Service for all requirements customers, and to credit the proceeds of its off-system resale sales back to its requirements customers as a reduction of their revenue requirement via the Company's power adjustment clauses. This would be handled in the same manner as described for its other three small hydroelectric operations. (See Small Hydro Off-System Sales

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Adjustment section above). First, an adjustment is made to increase wholesale sales by \$2,503,643 to account for the annual off-system wholesale transaction. Secondly, an adjustment is made to decrease requirements sales by an offsetting \$2,503,643 to reflect the pass-through of the proceeds of the sales to requirements customers via the Company's power adjustment clauses. Finally, proforma adjustments totaling \$752,691 are made as an increase to operating expense to include in Cost of Service the annual cost of plant operations. (SEE EXHIBIT A3-22 PROFORMA - COLUMBIA HYDRO REVENUE & EXPENSE WORKSHEET) I.T. Infrastructure Cost The Company replaced its 18-year-old legacy I.T. System in 2012. In addition to this upgrade, and as a part of the Company's move into its new office space, it upgraded its entire telephone system to a Voice Over IP system. The ongoing cost of these upgrades, such as I.T. support, system hosting and the new telephone and call routing system has increased. An adjustment to provide for the net increased annual operating costs is made in the amount of \$38,772. (SEE EXHIBIT A3-23 PROFORMA - I.T. INFRASTRUCTURE COST WORKSHEET) WOULD YOU EXPLAIN WHY THERE WILL BE A DEFERRED BILLING OF POWER COST EXPENSE AT THE TIME NEW RATES TAKE EFFECT? Lockhart Power Company's Rate Schedule O provides for the pass-through to

the customer of any increases above or decreases below the base cost of Power

Adjustment Cost (purchased power and fuel used for generation, less applicable wholesale power sales) per kWh sold. The net total cost of these categories is calculated for each month and compared to the base cost of such items that is included in the Company's base electric rates. Any variation in the monthly cost from the base amount (after being adjusted for gross receipts tax) is passed on to the customer during the following month. This adjustment can be either positive or negative. If positive, the customer will receive a charge on the billing. If negative, a credit will be applied to the billing. At the time new rates take effect, there will be a one-month over or under recovery of Power Adjustment Cost under the old rates that will be trued up in the following month.

11 Q. DOES THIS CONCLUDE YOUR TESTIMONY?

12 A. Yes.

STATE OF SOUTH CARO	LINA)	
)	VERIFICATION
)	
COUNTY OF UNION)	

PERSONALLY appeared before me, Paul W. Inman, who being duly sworn states:

That he is the Business Controller of Lockhart Power Company; that the testimony attached hereto as Testimony of Paul W. Inman is based upon information that he believes to be true and correct.

Paul W. Inman

Sworn to before me this 11th day of March, 2014

Rabecka Chavis

My Commission Expires: Quality 14, 2019